How nonprofits can recruit and manage Skilled Volunteers



Lelia MacDonald Volunteer Consultant October 5, 2017 CanadaHelps webinar

MAS

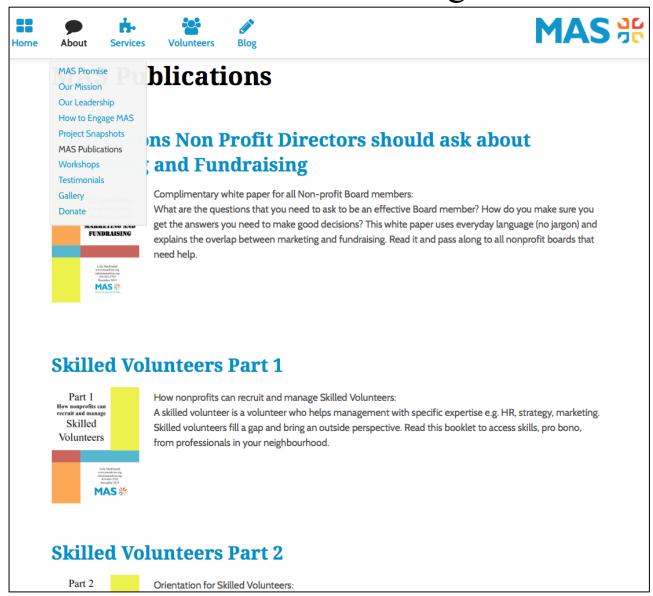
Lelia MacDonald

- Marketing financial services
- Volunteer Consultant, 5 years

Management Advisory Services

- Volunteer-run charity
- Toronto, 24 years
- 50+ professionals

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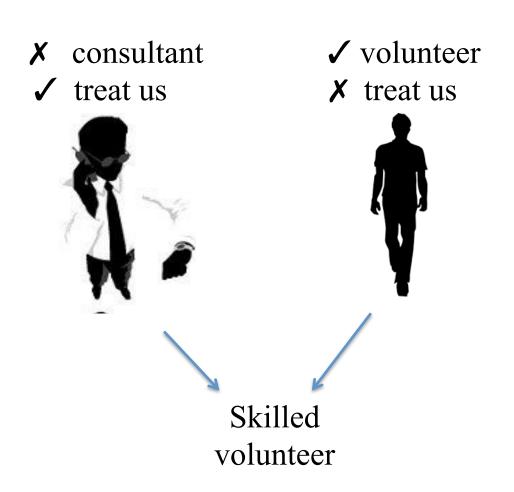


Skilled Volunteers:

- professional specific expertise
- •help management

Why?

- expertise that fills a gap
- short term
- unbiased third party
- outside perspective



Roles for Skilled Volunteers

Board member

✓ Subcommittee member

✓ One-time project

Agenda

1. When do you need us?

2. Where to find us?

3. How to manage us?

MAS requests

HR

Other

When things

going well

are not

When do you need us?

Strategy and meeting facilitation

Marketing and fundraising

Governance and board development

30%

25%

20%

10%

15%

Typical governance projects:

Assessments, explain governance models 45%

Board orientation workshop 40%

Tips to incorporate startups 15%

Tips to apply for charitable designation 10%

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Common Governance Problems

- □ Lack of understanding of Director responsibility
- · Do members understand governance responsibilities & role of the Board?
- · Do members prepare for and participate in meetings?
- Does the job description include a commitment to fundraising?
- · Does the board over-manage staff?
- □ Lack of variety of skills
- · Do you recruit on broad selection criteria eg expertise, connections, life experience?
- · Are members comfortable being ambassadors?
- □ Unwillingness of staff to let Board function
- · Is your Chair a strong leader?
- · Do you meet without ED to discuss performance?
- Lack of time commitment
- · Are time commitments clear when you recruit?
- · Do members hold each other accountable?
- ☐ Lack of balance between external activities (e.g. fundraising) and internal activities (e.g. strategic direction and policy formation)
- · Do your agendas include both?
- · Do you have an effective committee structure?
- · Does the Board interface with key stakeholders?
- □ Reluctance of Directors to gain sufficient in-depth knowledge of the mission and operations
- · Does your orientation educate fully?
- · Do Directors have opportunities for ongoing development?

For help to solve your governance problems, contact MAS:

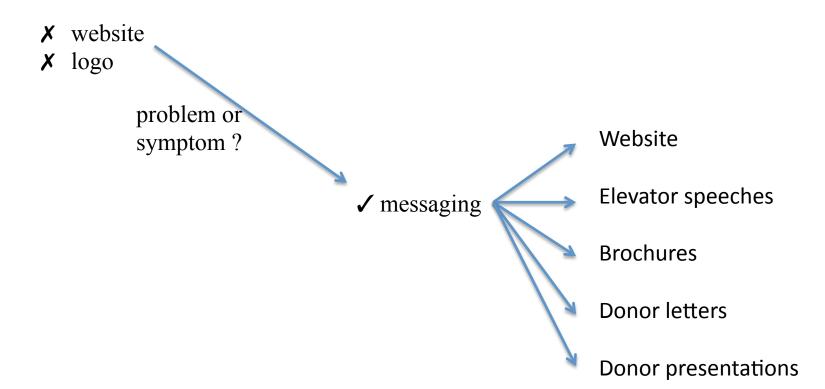
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- 1. Free download
- 2. Give to Board

Typical marketing projects:



Typical fundraising projects:

Mid size:

- Lack of revenue diversity
- Over-reliance on event revenue
- Same every year
- Desire for a

Small:

Eager volunteers

No structure

No experience



Annual fundraising plan

Typical HR projects:

HR policies and practices 50%

Workshops 20% (trust, goal setting, interviewing)

HR administration 15% (benefits, job descriptions, manuals)

Executive coaching 15%

More problems when transitioning between life stages

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Nonprofit Organizational Life Cycle



	Grass Roots - Invention	Start-Up - Incubation	Adolescent – Growing	Mature - Sustainability	Stagnation & Renewal	Decline And Shut-Down
Program And Services	Extremely informal or not yet a concern Perceived need for a program or service	Simple programs are initiated or a mix of diverse and non- integrated activities. Strong commitment to delivering services	Programs begin to establish themselves in the market Often demand is greater than capacity More consistent program delivery More focus	Core programs are established and recognized in the community Long range program planning New programs are added & deleted as market dictates Programs functioning well	Organization loses sight of market Programs developed primarily to attract funding Difficulty in delivering services and reaching goals Inconsistent program quality	No longer meeting market needs Loss of credibility with funders and clients Decline in product quality Major reduction in referrals Licensing or accreditation in jeopardy
Staff Leadership/ Management	Entrepreneurial and visionary leader	Single minded founder whose vision drives the organization Sole decision making - little or no hierarchy	Beginning strategic division of labor Executive Director still primary decision maker and is less accessible to staff Both external and internal demands	Need for well-rounded Executive Director Sometimes 'Founder's Syndrome' Delegation of authority and clear accountability	Founder likely to leave Change agent needed	Major conflict between ED and board ED makes key decisions w/out board ED is inaccessible and unable to meet deadlines
Staffing	All volunteer driven No paid staff	Most work completed by volunteers Small (if any), enthusiastic staff Sense of "family" and cooperation among staff	Staff size increases – still join primarily for mission Deepening organization chart, with more centralized management No job descriptions & personnel policies	Even larger, and more culturally diverse and specialized staff Professional managers are hired Vertical, hierarchical organization chart	Low staff morale; staff turnover Focus is on individual programs, instead of organizational goals Fiefdoms develop Volunteers leave	Departure of key staff Key positions difficult to fill Staff grievances bypass ED to board High conflict among staff Low # of volunteers
Governance/ Board	Not yet a real concern	Formal governance structure in place Small, passionate, and homogenous board Members tend to be volunteers or hand- chosen by executive	Board expansion – first 'outsiders' New board members are added who are professionals with expertise Less focus on operations, more on	Board size and diversity increases Main function is policy and oversight Fundraising becomes a more important role Good committee structure – most work	No or very high board turnover Sluggish and less involved Bogged down in structure that may be outdated	Very low board attendance No new board members Key board members may leave Eventually dissolves ltself

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Diagnose and triage

- What a nonprofit asks for is not necessarily what they need
- MAS 1/3 of my clients accurately self-diagnose

Nonprofit asks ...

You discover...

"Spokesperson training"

no clear messages

"We need more donors"

acquisition or retention

Hierarchy of needs

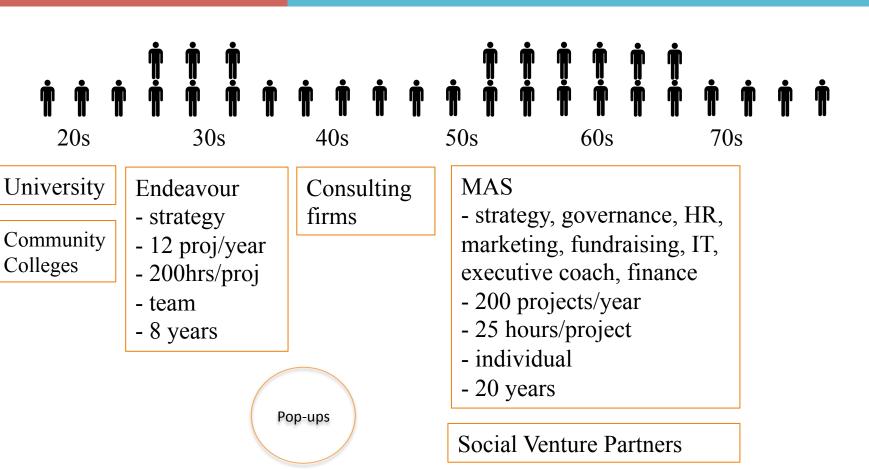
- 1. Governance
- 2. Strategy
- 3. HR
- 4. Marketing
- 5. Fundraising

Agenda

- ✓ When do you need us?
- → Where to find us?

How to manage us?

Pro bono consulting



Other charities: Calgary, US, Switzerland

Caution



Unemployed professionals who want to fill a gap in their resume



For-profit consultants who want to build their portfolio

Recruit individuals

Circulate volunteer job description to:

- volunteer postings online (Volunteer Toronto, Charity Village)
- Post on LinkedIn (or search for skill or experience you need)
- your own website and Facebook
- your Board of Directors to forward to their connections
- local companies with a large head office
 - ask if they would donate the time of staff
 - circulate internally to find an employee who will volunteer on their own time
- local consulting firm for pro bono help to build their portfolio
- local universities and community colleges alumni or business professors may have local contacts.



How to select

What to look for in any Skilled Volunteer

Soft skills:

- listening skills
- focuses on your needs
- •uses language that you can understand
- spirit of collaboration
- fresh perspective
- •available time

How to pay in ways other than money

Understand what's in it for them

Recent graduates:

- •build their resume
- apply their education to a new industry
- learn how to be a consultant

Others will want to:

- •volunteer, but fear doing mundane assignments
- •fill time with meaningful, part-time work
- see the difference they can make

Agenda

1. When do you need us?

2. Where to find us?

3. How to manage us?

How to manage

1. Clarify your expectations

2. Finish with a close form.

Proposal

Project Close Form

Tips to prepare you

- Orient your volunteer
- Approach from a position of strength
- Don't expect professionals will be emotionally tied to your cause.
- Don't expect professionals will want to be Board members
- Expect professionals to work faster
- Sensitize your employees to forprofit language

Tips for HR projects

- Help adjust expectations
- Establish upfront the depth of the work needed

Tips for strategy projects

- There are as many ways of doing strategic planning as there are strategic planners
- Provide background information
- The Board must be engaged early in the process

Tips for marketing projects

- Good marketing is deceptively hard
- Marketers are generalists OR specialists
- Distinction between marketing and fundraising
- Select carefully the other employees who will work with the marketer

When to walk away

- Hesitation about the project
- Hesitation about volunteer
- Not right for volunteer
- Overwhelming
- Chemistry
- No staff assigned

What to expect

• Expect that no one in a small nonprofit will understand the fundamental principles of each profession

- Expect resistance
- Nonprofits may not know how to manage volunteer

Our mission = build capacity in the non profit sector.

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